

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY

Course Structure for 4 Year Bachelor Programme

(Major in Sociology)

UNIVERSITY OF GOUR BANGA

Semester	Major Course (MC)/DSC	Interdisciplinary/Multidisciplinary (IDC)/(MDC)	Minor Core (MnC)	Ability Enhancement Course (AEC)	Skill Enhancement Course (SEC)	Internship/Apprenticeship/Project/Community Outreach	Value Addition course (VAC)
I	MC 1 (4): Introduction to Sociology MC 2 (4): Foundations of Social Thought (Western)	MDC 1 (3)	One from the pool of Courses of Minor 1 (MnC 1)-(4): SUBJECT A	MIL 1 (2)	Choose one SEC from Major Discipline SEC 1 (3): Social Welfare, Legislation and Justice		ENVS (2)
II	MC 3 (4): Sociological Theory MC 4 (4): Society in India	MDC 2 (3)	One from the pool of Courses of Minor 2 (MnC 2)-(4): SUBJECT B	MIL 2 (2)	Choose one SEC from Major Discipline SEC 1 (3): Survey Method in Social Research	Internship/Apprenticeship/Project/Community Outreach (IAPC) (2) /OR as in Sem IV	Choose one from pool of Courses (2)
III	MC 5 (4): Protests, Resistance and Movements MC 6 (4): Rural Society in India	MDC 3 (3)	One from the pool of Courses of Minor 1 (MnC 3)-(4): SUBJECT A	English Language 1 (2)	Choose one SEC from Major Discipline SEC 1 (3): Community Development		
IV	MC 7 (4): Urban Society in India MC 8 (4): Foundations of Sociological Thought (Indian) MC 9 (4): Industrial Sociology		One from the pool of Courses of Minor 2 (MnC 2)-(4): SUBJECT B	English Language 2 (2)		Internship/Apprenticeship/Project/Community Outreach (IAPC) (2)	
V	MC 10 (4): Population and Society MC 11 (4): Sociology of Tribal Society DSC 1 (4): Gender and Society DSC 2 (4): Indian Society: Images and Reality		One from the pool of Courses of Minor 1 (MnC 5)-(4): SUBJECT A				Choose one from pool of Courses (2)

VI	MC 12 (4): Sociology of Environment MC 13 (4): Science, Technology and Society DSE3 (4): Rethinking Development DSE 4 (4): Sociology of Health and Medicine		One from the pool of Courses of Minor 2 (MnC 6)-(4) SUBJECT B		Choose one from SEC Major Discipline SEC 1 (3): Gender and Sexuality	
VII	MC 14 (4): Social Research Method DSE 5: Social Statistics for Research DSE 6: Globalization and Society DSE 7 (4): Family and Intimacy		One from the pool of Courses of Minor 1 (MnC 7)-(4): SUBJECT A			Dissertation on Major (6)/Academic Project/Entrepreneurship (6)
VIII	MC 15 (4) DSE 8 (4): Crime and Society DSE 9 DSE 10		One from the pool of Courses of Minor 2 (MnC 8)-(4) SUBJECT B			Dissertation on Major (6)/Academic Project/Entrepreneurship (6)
TOTAL CREDIT: 170						

MC1: Introduction to Sociology: Credit 4

1. Fundamentals of Sociology

Definition; Nature and Scope; Sociology and other social sciences; Sociology and common sense; Growth and development of sociology as a discipline

2. Concepts

Society, Community, Institution, Association, Social group, Norms and Values, Folkways and Mores

3. Individual, Culture and Society

Meaning of Culture; „Man in Society“, „Society in Man“; Culture and Personality; Socialization: Concept, Process, Agencies.

4. Social Institutions: Evolution and Progress

a) Family: Definition, Origin, Features, Functions, Forms, Recent changes in family structure, Alternatives to family: Step parenting, single-parent family, cohabitation, gay-parent family

Kinship terminologies, Typologies, Functions, Descent, Recent changes

b) Marriage: Definition, Marriage and promiscuous relationship, Marriage as an institution, Forms of marriage, Rules of marriage, Marriage selection in cyber-age, Recent developments.

c) Political Institution: Non – state forms of power, concept of state: Characteristics and Types. Concept of civil society

d) Economic Institution: Property, Exchange, Reciprocity, Gift exchange, Market, Recent manifestations.

e) Religions Institutions: Forms of religion, Religion as an institution.

f) Education as a cultural institution.

5. Social Structure: Social Relationship:

Social status, Status and Role , Multiple roles , Role – set , Role- conflict, Status- set , Status sequence.

6. Social Control:

Meaning, Nature, Purpose and agency: Religion, Education, Mass media as agencies of social control

7. Social Stratification, Inequality and Hierarchy:

Theories of Stratification, Forms of social Inequality: Caste, class, power and gender, Social hierarchies

Social mobility: Nature, forms

8. Social process and Social Change:

Social processes: Cooperation, competition, conflict, Accommodation, Assimilation

Social change: Concept: Change, Evolution and Progress, Factors of social change, Theories of social change, Concept of Cultural lag

9. Uses of Sociology:

Sociology and social problem; Sociology and social policy; Sociology and professions;

References:

Haralambos, M.- (1998) Sociology : Themes and Perspectives , OUP, New Delhi

Jayaram , N. – (1998) Introductory Sociology , Macmillan India

Mukherjee , R. – (1998) Systematic Sociology , Sage

Oommen , T.K. & Venugopal , C.N. – (1993) Sociology , Estern Book Co.

Dube , S.C. – (1992) Understanding change : Anthropological Sociological Perspectives,
Vikash Publication House, New Delhi.

Smelser, N.J. – (1993) Sociology, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi

Giddens Anthony – (2009) Sociology, Polity Press,London

Beteille, Andre – (2002) Sociology Essays on Approach and methods, OUP , New Delhi

Gupta Dipankar (Ed.)- Social Stratification, OUP

Davis, K.-(1996) Human Society, Macmillan

Goode William, J. – (1998) The Family, Prentice Hall, New Delhi

Johnson, Harry A, Sociology , Allied Publishers, 1967

Bottomore, T. B., Sociology, Revised Edition Blackie and son (India) Ltd.

Broom A and Selznick P , Sociology New Work , 1962

Herskovitzs, Melville J Cultural Arthropology, Calcutta: Oxford and IBH Publishing Co.
1985

Dasgupta, S., Poulomi Saha (ed) An, Introduction to Sociology, Pearson, 2012

Jayaram, N., 2005, Introductory Sociology, Macmillan India Ltd.

Guha, K.,Basic Principles of Sociology , Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi

Majumder, T.N. and D.N. Madan,2008, An Introduction to Social Anthropology, Asia
Publishing House

Inkeles, A., 1999,What is Sociology, Penguin Book.

Chattopadhyay, K., 2014,The Sociology of Family Life. Booksway, Kolkata.

Chattopadhyay, K., 2013, Samajtotter Itibritta, Sangathan Anusandhaner Nana Prasangha.

Berger P., Invitation to Sociology

Giddens A., (ed), Human Society, Polity Press

MC2: Foundations of Social Thought (Western), Credit 4

- 1. Origin and development of Sociology** as an academic discipline, Role of Enlightenment , Industrial and French Revolution, Saint- Simon
- 2. Harriet Martineu**
Morals and Manners; Religion; Methodology;
- 3. August Comte**
Law of Three stages; Hierarchy of sciences; Positivism; Social Statics and Social Dynamics
- 4. Herbert Spencer**
Organic Analogy; Evolutionism; Social Darwinism;
- 5. Emile Durkheim**
Division of Labour; Suicide; Religion; Methodology;
- 6. Karl Marx**
Dialectics; Historical Materialism; Capitalism; Class and class struggle; Revolution
- 7. Max Weber**
Social Action; Ideal Type; Concept of Power; Protestant Ethic and the Spirit of Capitalism
- 8. Vilfredo Pareto**
Types of Action; Circulation of Elites
- 9. Georg Simmel**
Modern Society; Social Relationships and culture; Money

References:

- Aron, Raymond – (1967) Main Currents in Sociological Thoughts (2 Vols.) , Penguin Books
- Barnes , H.E. – (1959) Introduction to the History of Sociology
- Coser , L.A. –(1979) Masters of Sociological Thought . Oxford University Press
- Abraham & Morgan – Sociological Thought . Oxford University & Press
- Abraham .1982. Modern Sociological Theory , An Introduction . Oxford University.
- Ritzer George and Douglas J.Goodman – (1996) Sociological Theory . Mc Graw Hill
- Zeitlin , Irving – Ideology and the Development of Sociological Theory
- Turner Jonathan H. 2003, The Structure of Sociological Theory , Thomson

Wadsworth, Chennai

Henry Morgan, Human Society

Bottomore and P. Goode (ed) Reading of Marxist Sociology, Oxford : Clarendon.

Haralambos and R.M Heald, Sociology: Themes and perspective, Oxford University Press

Mead , Mind ,Self and Society , Chicago University Press

Parsons , The Structure of social Action , New York : Mac Graw-Hill

Bannerji, A., Historical Materialism and Political Analysis : K.P. Baghi

Makhon Jha , An Introduction to Anthropological Thought , Vikas Publishing House

Behura Anthropological Thought and Theories : Institute of Social Research and Applied Anthropology, Calcutta.

Spencer, H., Principles of Sociology

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE 1: SOCIAL WELFARE, LEGISLATION AND JUSTICE, Credit: 3

1) Meaning and nature of Social Welfare

Constitution of India

Social welfare and related instruments of constitution: parliament, local government, state government

Social legislation as an instrument of social welfare

2) Social welfare legacy

State: Law related to compulsory primary education, employment, labour legislation, health for all, social security, insurance schemes, housing need

Beneficiaries: Dalits, Tribe, Other Backward Class, Women and children, Disadvantaged groups, Differently Abled, Elderly

References

Sen, A., Collective Choice and Social Welfare

Sen, A., The Idea of Justice, The Belknap Press, Harvard

Dreze J. And A. Sen, An uncertain Glory, New Jersey, Princeton University press

Social Welfare Administration: <http://www.facebook.com/tms3292>

Journal of Social Welfare and Human Rights: www.jswhr.com

SEMESTER II

MC3: Sociological theory; Credit: 4

1. Sociological Theory:

Meaning, Characteristics, Types , Role of Theory in Research

2. Functionalism

Origin of functionalism

Evolutionary and Neo Evolutionary Theories

Meaning and general Arguments of functionalism

Contributions of:

B. Malinowski: Culture and Function, views on primitive society

A.R. Radcliffe- Brown: Social structure, structural functionalism

T.Parsons: Voluntaristic Action Theory, Notion of System, Pattern variables

Critical overview: Substantive, Critical, Ideological criticism

3. Conflict Theory

Meaning; General Arguments;

Contribution of:

K.Marx: Inequality and conflict

R.Dahrendorf: Dialectical conflict Theory

L.Coser: Conflict Functionalism

Critical Overview

4. Exchange Theory

General Arguments

Contribution of:

G.Homans:

P. Blau:

Critical overview

5. Symbolic Interactionsm

General Arguments

Contributions of:

G. H. Mead: Mind, Self, Society

C. H. Cooley: Looking-glass self

H. Blumer:

E.Goffman: Dramaturgy, Everyday life
Critical overview

6. Phenomenology and Ethnomethodology

General Arguments

Contributions of:

A.Schutz: Life world, Intersubjectivity

H.Garfinkel: Field as a text

References

Francis and Abraham. 1982. Modern Sociological Theory, An Introduction. Oxford University Press

Turner Jonathan H. 2003, The Structure Of sociological Theory, Thomson Wadsworth Chennai

Mead, Mind , Self and Society, Chicago university press

Parsons, The Structure of Social Action, New York : Mac Graw-Hill

Abrahamson,Mark 1978. Functionalism. Englewood Cliffs,N J: Prentice- Hall

Black, MaX(ed) 1961/1976 The Social Theories of Talcott Parsons. Carbondale: South-ern Illinois University press

Gouldner, Alvin W. 1970 The coming Crisis of Western Sociology .New York : Basic Books.

Martindale,Don . 1960. The Nature and Types of Sociological Theory. Boston: Houghton Mifflin.

Giddens, Anthony. 1979. Central Problems in social Theory: Action , Structure and Contradiction in social Analysis. Berkeley : University of California Press.

Luhmann, Niklas. 1979. Trust and Power (Howard Davis,John Raffan,and Kathryn ROONEY, Trans) New York : John Wiley & Sons.(Two essays originally published in 1973 and 1975)

Bottomore, T.B. 1983. „Frankfurt School“ In T.B. Bottomore (Ed), A Dictionary of Marxism(pp. 182-188). Oxford: Blackwell.

Agger, Ben .1979. Western Marxism: An Introduction, Santa Monica, CA: Goodyear publishing company.

Bernstein, Richard J. (Ed.) 1985. Habermas and Modernity, Cambridge, MA: MIT Press

Calhoun, Craig. 1996. “Social Theory and the public Sphere”. In Bryan S. Turner(Ed), Social Theory (pp. 429-470) Oxford: Blackwell.

MC-4: Society in India; Credit: 4

1. Family, Village, Community and Religion

Perspectives on family: Viewing family in pre-colonial (*mitakshara* and *dayabhaga*; Hindu succession Act), colonial and post-colonial India

Perspectives on Village: Village as a reality (Village as an autonomy; village as power-structure); caste and jajmani in pre-colonial and colonial periods and its changes after independence. Directions of village studies

Perspectives on community: Community in pre-colonial (*sampradaya parampara*), community in colonial period (rise of communitization through Hindu/ Muslim divisions; Role of Gandhi; communalism in rural areas); community in post-independent period (community and politics; community development programmes)

Use of religion in politics; Religion as *Dharma*

2. Caste, Class and Tribe

Caste, Varna, *Jati*; caste-clusters; caste-councils; purity and pollution; dominant caste; sanskritization; using caste for governance; caste and class in post-colonial period

Class in pre-colonial India; Bureaucracy, *zamindari* system in pre-colonial period; formation of social classes in colonial period; agrarian class structure; other classes in rural and urban areas in colonial period; caste, class and politics in post-independent period

Tribal issues in colonial period; tribal absorption in colonial period and after; indentured labour in colonial period; issues of tribal development in post-colonial India; Tribal welfare

3. State

State in pre-colonial India

Nation-building in colonial India

Problems to Nationhood

State in post-colonial India: Nehruian welfare state; New liberal forces and the state in India

4. Market

Market prior to colonial rule; market in colonial period: caste-based markets and trading networks; commodification of markets in colonial period; homogenization and role of money

in colonial period; Primary, secondary and tertiary markets in post-colonial period; state initiated markets; Markets after period of Emergency; Branding, MNCs, and local markets after Liberalization

References :

A.R. Desai – Rural Sociology, Popular Prakshan, Bombay

Hans Raj – (2000) Rural Sociology, Subject Publications

Doshi – (1999) Rural Sociology, Rawat Publications

Madan – India's Developing Villages, Allied Publications

Natur & A. Choudhury(ed) – (1995) Sociology and Rural Development

Lieten, 1992, Continuity & Change in Rural West Bengal, Sage Publication

Ghuye, 1969, Caste & Race in India, Bombay popular publication

Mandelbaum, 1983, Sociology In India Bombay Popular Publication

Kolenda, 1997, Caste in Contemporary India, Rawat Publications

Joshi, 1975 Land Problem in India Trends and perspectives, Allied Publishers, Calcutta

Madan, Vandana(ed) 2002, The Village in India, Oxford India Reading in Sociology and Anthropology, Delhi, OUP

Jodhka Surinder(Ed)2012, Village Society : Essays from the EPW, New Delhi, Orient Blackman Pvt. Ltd.

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE 1: Survey Method in Social Research; Credit: 3

2. Importance of Research Design in Surveys
3. Conceptualization, Measurement, and Operationalization
4. Quantifying Information: Scales and Indices
5. Importance and Types of Scientific Sampling used in Surveys
6. Univariate & Bivariate Analysis, Multivariate Analysis in Survey Research

References:

- Babbie, Earl. 2001. *The Practice of Social Research (9th Edition)*. Wadsworth.
- Bryman, A. *Social Research Methods*. London: Oxford University P, 2011.
- Goode, W.J. and P. K. Hatt. *Methods in Social Research* (Indian reprint). New Delhi: Surjeet Publisher, 2006.

SEMESTER III

MC-5: PROTESTS, RESISTANCE AND MOVEMENTS; CREDIT:

4

1. Conceptualizing Protest, Resistance and Movements

Approaches to the study of Social Movements: Marxian approach; Functionalist Theory (Oomen, Gore, Y. Singh); Theory of relative deprivation (M.S. A. Rao); Resource-mobilization theory; The identity-oriented theory;

Types of social movements: Migratory movements; Utopian movements; Reform movements; Resistance movements; Revolutionary Movements; New Social Movements (Tilly, Melucci, Turaine, Cohen)

Ideas and concepts: collective behavior, pressure groups, protest, resistance, movements, collective interest

2. Old and New Social movements in colonial and post-colonial India (with reference to leadership, organization, objectives and trajectories of the movements)

Peasant movements in colonial India; protests of the peasantry in post-independent period: green revolution and formation of collective interest groups of peasantry

Working class movements in colonial India: formation of Trade Unions; Trade Union movement in post independent India

Tribal Movements in colonial India; Tribal protests and resistance in Post-independent India

Caste-based movements in colonial and post colonial India: Dalit movement, Mandal commission, Other backward class movement

Movements for Environment in colonial and post colonial India: Chipko movement; Narmada Bachao, Silent Valley Movement

Students' movements in colonial and post colonial India

Protests, resistance of women: Anti-Price rise, Dowry, Violence

3. Everyday forms of protest

Protest as a weapon, Everydayness of protest

References:

Banks. J.A(1972), The Sociology of Social Movements, London: Macmillan

Desai A.R(ed) (1979), Peasant Struggles in India, Bombay, OUP

Dhanagare,D.N.(1983) Peasant Movements in India (1920-1950) Delhi,OUP

Gore. M.S(1993), The Social Context of an Ideology. Ambedkar's Political and Social Thoughts.New Delhi, Sage Publications

Gouldner A.W(ED) (1950), Studies in Leadership.New Delhi: Harper and Brothers

Jayal N.P. & Pai Sudha eds. (2001), Democratic Governance in India, New Delhi,Sage Publications

Rao. M.S.A(1979), Social Movement in India ,Delhi ,Manohar Publication

Singh.K.S(1982), Tribal Movements in India. New Delhi: Manohar Publication

Shah, Ghanshyam(2001), Dalit Identity and Politics, New Delhi,Sage Publications

Zelliot, Eleanor(1995),From Untouchables to Dalits: Essays on the Ambedkar Movement. Delhi, Monohar Publications.

MC-6: RURAL SOCIETY IN INDIA; CREDIT: 4

1. Rural Sociology

Definition, subject matter and significance of studying Rural Society, Formation of Rural society, Intellectual beginning of Rural Sociology

2. Rural Society and Agrarian social structure

Characteristics of rural society, Rural-urban differences, Primary and secondary relationships

3. Rural society in India

Patterns of dominance and influence, Characteristics and nature of rural leadership, Democratic decentralization of power, Panchayati raj institution: Structure and function, Power to women and weaker section

4. Pre-colonial to colonial rural society

Caste, Family, Tribe, Rural-power structure, Rural economy

5. Post-Independent India

Changes in rural society: Caste, Family, Tribe, Power structure, Rural Economy, Rural development programmes with special reference to IRDP, ITDP, ICDS, NREGS, DWCRA, SHG

6. Recent transformations in rural India

Withering Indian village, Role of NGO'S, consumerism, Markets

References :

Desai – Rural Sociology, Popular Prakshan, Bombay

Hans Raj – (2000) Rural Sociology, Subject Publications

Doshi – (1999) Rural Sociology, Rawat Publications

Madan, G. R., India's Developing Villages, Allied Publications

Natur & A. Choudhury (ed) – (1995) Sociology and Rural Development

Lieten, 1992, Continuity & Change in Rural West Bengal, Sage Publication

Ghurye, 1969, Caste & Race in India, Bombay popular publication

David Mandelbaum, 1983, Sociology In India Bombay Popular Publication

Kolenda, 1997, Caste in Contemporary India, Rawat Publications

Joshi, 1975 Land Problem in India Trends and perspectives, Allied Publishers, Calcutta

Madan, Vandana(ed) 2002, The Village in India , Oxford India Reading in Sociology and Anthropology, Delhi, OUP

Jodhka Surinder(Ed)2012, Village Society : Essays from the EPW, New Delhi, Orient Blackman Pvt. Ltd.

Chitamber, J.B., Introduction Rural Sociology, Wiley Eastern Ltd.

Chitamber, J.B., Agrarian Changes in India
Kurukshetra, July 2013, For SHG

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE 1: COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT; CREDIT: 3

Community Development: Meaning, Concepts and History

2. Rural development: Concept, Definition, Rural development in India: Origin, Background and development of rural development in India: Sriniketan, Sevagram, Marthadam; Approaches to Rural development: Gandhi and Vinobha Bhave; Review of Area-based rural development programmes: DADP, HADP, TADP, WDP; Review of Target-based rural development programmes: IRDP, TRYSEM, NREP, IAY, MGNREG Act

3. Understanding Urban Community development: Urban development programmes in India; Review of Indian experience in urban development with reference to Town-planning, slum clearance and improvements. Integrated development of small and medium towns in India; 73rd Amendment and its relevance to Urban Community Development

References:

Chahar, S.S (ed) (2005) Governance of Grassroots Level In India, New Delhi: Kanishka Publishers

Devas, Nick and Others (2006) Urban Governance, Voice and Poverty in Developing World London: Earthscan

Haldipur, R.N. Paramahansa V R K (Eds) (1970) Local Government Institution in India, Hyderabad: National Institute of Community Development

Jain, S.C. (1967) Community Development & Panchayat Raj, Madras: Allied Publishers Pvt Ltd.

Singh, Amita (Editor) (2005) Administrative Reforms (Towards sustainable practice) New Delhi: Sage Publications

Singh, U.B. (2004) Urban Administration in India, New Delhi: Serial Publication

Bhattacharya, S. N. Community Development- An Analysis of the Programme in India. Kolkata: Academic Publisher

Jeo, Kalyani: Human Rights and Women's Rights

Mukherji, B., 1967, Community development in India, New Delhi: Orient Longman

The Indian journal of Public Administration (vol. 2, No. 1, Jan-March 2004; No. 2, April-June 2004; No. 3, July-Sept 2004; No.4 Oct-Dec 2004; Governance for Development, New Delhi:IIPA

Chahar S. S., (Ed) (2005) Governance of Grassroots Level in India, New Delhi: Kanishka Publishers

Devas, N and others (2006), Urban Governance, Voice and Poverty in Developing World, London: Earthscan

Haldipur R. N. Paramahamsa, V. R. K. (Ed) 1970, Local Government Institutions in India, Hyderabad, National Institute of Community Development

Jain, S.C. (1967) Community Development and Panchayati raj, Madras: Allied Publishers

SEMESTER IV

MC-7: URBAN SOCIETY IN INDIA; CREDIT: 4

1. Nature and scope of urban Sociology

- a) Urbanization and Urbanism
- b) Urban community concepts and characteristics
- c) Approaches to the study of Urban society

2. Early Towns: Locations, features and functions

Urban India: History and Trends of Urbanization in India

Recent Trends in Urbanization, New forces, spread of urban centres, classification of Towns and cities in

Terms of sizes and functions

3. Nature of urban society in India family, classes, caste, urban groups and associations, strangers and traders, service providers

4. Urban problems and policies in India

References:

Abraham, M.-(1976) Urban Sociology, Prentice Hall

Rao, M.S.A., C. Bhatt & Kadekar, L.N. (Eds)-(1991): A reader in Urban Sociology, Orient Longman, New Delhi

Desai, A.R. & Pillai (ed)-(1970) Slums and Urbanization, Popular Publications

Srivastava, A.K. 1989 Urbanization: Concept and Growth, D.K. Publishers & Distributors, New Delhi

Prakasa Rao VLS-(1983), Urbanization in India, Concept Publishing Co.

Bose Ashish -(1974) Studies in India's Urbanization 1961-1971, Tata Mc Graw Hill

Ramachandran, R.-(1991) Urbanization and Urban Systems in India, OUP, Delhi

Ronnan Paddison -(2001), Handbook of Urban Studies ,Sage India

Robin Cohem & Paul Kenedy, Global Sociology, Palgrave,Maclinan

N. Joyaram & D. Raja Shekhar(ed) 2012 Vulnerebility & Globalization , Rawat Publications

Ramaswamy & Uma Rawaswamy – (1981) Industry and Labour, OUP

Miller, D.C. & Form, W.H.- (1980) Industrial Sociology, Harper and Row

Nandkarni Laxmi –(1998) Sociology of Industrial workers, Jaipur, Rawat Publications

Schneider Eugene- (1979) Industrial Sociology, New Delhi, Tata Mac. Graw Hills

Seth,N.R.(Ed)-(1982) Industrial Sociology in India, Kolkata, Allied Publications

Ramaswamy,E.A,-(1988) Industry and Labour ,New Delhi ,OUP

Ramaswamy,E.A.-(1978) Industrial Revolution in India, New Delhi

Miller and form-(1964) Industrial Sociology, Harper and Row, New York

Gilbert, S.J.-(1985) Fundamentals of Industrial Sociology, Tata Mac Graw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., New Delhi

MC-8: FOUNDATIONS OF SOCIOLOGICAL THOUGHT

(INDIAN); Credit: 4

1. Approaches to Sociological study of Indian Society : Textual Vs Field View
2. Contributions of Indian Sociologists
 - a) Benoy Kumar Sarkar: Personality, Progress, Culture
 - b) P. Geddes: Ecology
 - c) G.S. Ghurge: Caste and Tribe, Indian Social order
 - d) A.R. Desai: Rural Agrarian Sociology, Social change
 - e) Dhurjati Prasad Mukherjee: Personality, Idea of Community
 - f) Radha Kamal Mukherjee: Indian Tradition, Ecology
 - g) A.K. Saran: Caste
 - h) D.N. Majumdar: Urban life, Tribe
 - i) M.N. Srinivas: Dominant Caste, Social change, Modernization
 - j) S.C. Dube: Indian society, public distribution, Rural life, Community development
 - k) Surajit Sinha: Anthropology of Tribes
 - l) Iravati Karve: Kinship, Kinship organization
 - m) N.K. Bose: Cultural Anthropology, Structure of Hindu Society

References:

- Bannerji, A., Historical Materialism and Political Analysis: K.P. Bagchi
Makhon Jha, An Introduction to Anthropological Thought, Vikas Publishing House
Behura Anthropological Thought and Theories : Institute of Social Research and Applied Anthropology, Calcutta.
Bose, N. K., The Structure of Hindu Society, Orient Longman, Kolkata (1975)
Srinivas, Social Change in Modern India, Allied Publications. 1966
Gore, Education Modernization in India, Rawat Publication, Jaipur, 1982
Singh, Modernization of Indian Tradition, Thomson Press, Delhi-197
Madam T.N 1995 Pathways, Approaches for the study of Society in India in Delhi, OUP

MC-9: INDUSTRIAL SOCIOLOGY; CREDIT: 4

1. Industrial Society and Industrial Sociology: Concepts

Basic Concepts: Industrialization; Industrialism; Industrial society; Post-Industrial society; Information Society; Formal Organizations; Informal organizations

Nature and Scope of Industrial Sociology;

Industrial Revolution and the birth of Industries in the West

The evolution of industries and changing concept of industry and organizations

2. Approaches and Changes in Productive systems

Scientific Management Theory; Taylorism; Human Relations Theory; Fordism, Post-Fordism; Japanization;

Types of productive systems: Guild system, Putting-out system, Factory system; Automation and work; Industrial bureaucracy: Theoretical perspective, structure and characteristics; Line-staff Organization

Communication in industry; Workers participation in management; Labour welfare; Function and role of Trade-Union

Assembly-line production; Flexible specialization; Numerical flexibility; Informal relationships in formal organizations;

3. Relationship between Industry and Society with reference to India

Impact of family on industry in India; Impact of industries on Families in India;

Impact of industrialization on Caste

Class and class conflict in industrial society; Obstacles to and limitations of industrialization with respect to class, family in India: Monopoly in industry; Licence-Raj

4. Industrial policies in India

Liberalization, Privatization; Globalization

Industrial Policy in India after 1991

References:

Miller, D.C. & Form, W.H.-(1980) Industrial Sociology, Harper and Row

Nandkarni Laxmi-(1998) Sociology of Industrial Workers, Jaipur, Rawat

Schneider Eugene-(1979) Industrial Sociology, New Delhi, Tata Mac Graw

HillsSeth,N.R.(ed)-(1982)Industrial Sociology in India, Kolkata,Allied

Publishers Ramaswamy,E.A,-(1988)Industry and Labour,New Delhi,OUP

Ramaswamy,E.A,-(1978)Industrial Revolution in India,New Delhi

Miller and form-(1964) Industrial Sociology,Harper and Row,New York

Gilbert,S.J.-(1985)Fundamentals OF Industrial Sociology,Tata Mac Graw Hill Publishing
Co. Ltd.,New Delhi

