

UNIVERSITY OF GOUR BANGA

(Established under West Bengal Act XXVI of 2007)

N.H.-34 (Near Rabindra Bhawan), P.O.: Mokdumpur, Dist.: Malda, West Bengal, Pin-732 103

UG Syllabus and Question Pattern (Honours & General) (Philosophy)

Main Feature of the Syllabus

Philosophy (Honours)

Part / Course	Paper	Revised Paper Code	MCQ / Descriptive	Marks	Time	Total Marks	Total Time
Part-I	I	I-A	MCQ	20	30 Min	100	4.00 Hr
		I-B	Descriptive	80	3.30 Hr		
	II	II-A	MCQ	20	30 Min	100	4.00 Hr
		II-B	Descriptive	80	3.30 Hr		
Part-II	III	III-A	MCQ	20	30 Min	100	4.00 Hr
		III-B	Descriptive	80	3.30 Hr		
	IV	IV-A	MCQ	20	30 Min	100	4.00 Hr
		IV-B	Descriptive	80	3.30 Hr		
Part-III	V	V-A	MCQ	20	30 Min	100	4.00 Hr
		V-B	Descriptive	80	3.30 Hr		
	VI	VI-A	MCQ	20	30 Min	100	4.00 Hr
		VI-B	Descriptive	80	3.30 Hr		
	VII	VII-A	MCQ	20	30 Min	100	4.00 Hr
		VII-B	Descriptive	80	3.30 Hr		
	VIII	VIII-A	MCQ	20	30 Min	100	4.00 Hr
		VIII-B	Descriptive	80	3.30 Hr		

Philosophy (General)

Part / Course	Paper	Revised Paper Code	MCQ / Descriptive	Marks	Time	Total Marks	Total Time
Part-I	I to III	I-A	MCQ	50	1.00 Hr	50	1.00 Hr
		I-B	Descriptive	100	3.00 Hr	100	3.00 Hr
Part-II	IV to VI	II-A	MCQ	50	1.00 Hr	50	1.00 Hr
		II-B	Descriptive	100	3.00 Hr	100	3.00 Hr
Part-III	VII	III-A	MCQ	30	30 Min	100	3.00 Hr
		III-B	Descriptive	70	2.30 Hr		

- ❖ Each MCQ Type Question carrying Two Marks
- Revised Paper Code as treated Official Paper Code

❖ SYLLABUS FOR THREE YEAR B. A. HONOURS COURSE IN PHILOSOPHY

Part-I

Paper I: HISTORY OF INDIAN PHILOSOPHY F. Marks- 100

Paper II: ETHICS AND PHILOSOPHY OF RELIGION F. Marks- 100

Part-II

Paper III: HISTORY OF WESTERN PHILOSOPHY F. Marks- 100

Paper IV: WESTERN LOGIC F. Marks- 100

Part-III

Paper V: INDIAN EPISTEMOLOGY AND LOGIC F. Marks- 100

Paper VI: ANALYTIC PHILOSOPHY F. Marks- 100

Paper VII: PSYCHOLOGY AND SOCIO-POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY F. Marks- 100

Paper VIII: OPTIONAL PAPER (ANY OF THE FOLLOWING): F. Marks- 100

A. KAŢHOPANIṢAD (WITH ŚANKARA BHĀṢYA): DURGĀCHARAN SĀNKHYA TĪRTHA (Ed.)

B. THE PROBLEMS OF PHILOSOPHY: BERTRAND RUSSELL

TOTAL MARKS=800

OUTLINE OF THE UG SYLLABUS (GENERAL)

❖ SYLLABUS FOR THREE YEAR B. A. GENERAL COURSE IN PHILOSOPHY

<u>Part-I</u>

Paper I: INDIAN PHILOSOPHY I F. Marks- 50
Paper II: WESTERN EPISTEMOLOGY AND METAPHYSICS F. Marks- 50
Paper III: PSYCHOLOGY F. Marks- 50

Paper IV: INDIAN PHILOSOPHY II F. Marks- 50
Paper V: WESTERN LOGIC F. Marks- 50
Paper VI: SOCIAL AND POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY F. Marks- 50

Paper VII: ETHICS: THEORY AND APPLICATION F. Marks- 100

TOTAL MARKS - 400

Details of the UG Syllabus are given from the next page onwards.

B.A. PART-I (HONOURS)

PAPER- I

HISTORY OF INDIAN PHILOSOPHY

Full Marks-100

- 1. Nature of Indian Philosophy: Plurality as well as common concerns.
- 2. Basic concept of the Vedic and the *Upaniṣadic* world-views: Ātman, Jāgrata, Svapna, Suṣupti, Turīya, Brahman, Karma, Saṃsāra, Mukti.
- 3. Cārvāka School: Epistemology and Metaphysics.
- 4. **Jainism**: Concepts of Sat, Dravya, Guṇa, Paryāya, Jīva, Ajīva, Anekāntavāda, Syādvāda and Nayavāda, Pramāṇas, Ahimsā and Mukti.
- 5. **Buddhism**: Theory of *Pramāṇas*; Theory of Dependent Origination; The Four Noble Truths; Doctrine of *Momentariness*, Theory of no-soul. The interpretation of these theories in schools of Buddhism: *Vaibhāṣika*, *Sautrāntika*, *Yogācāra*, *Mādhyamika*.
- 6. **Nyāya**: Theory of *pramāṇas*; the individual self and its liberation; the idea of God and proofs for His existence.
- 7. **Vaiśeṣika**: Seven *Padārthas*: *dravya*, *guṇa*, *karma*, *sāmānya*, *viśeṣa*, *samavāya* and *abhāva*. *Causation*: *asatkāryavāda*; *kāraṇa*: *samavāyī*, *asamavāyī*, *nimitta*; *paramāṇuvāda*; *adṛṣṭa*, *niḥśreyaṣa*.
- 8. **Sārikhya**: Causation: *Satkāryavāda*; *Prakṛti*: its constituents, arguments for its existence; Evolution; *Puruṣa*: arguments for its existence; plurality of *Puruṣas*; Relationship between *Prakṛti* and *Puruṣa*; Kaivalya.
- 9. Yoga: Yoga; Citta, Cittavṛtti and Cittabhūmi; Eightfold path; God.
- 10. **Pūrva Mīmāṁsā**: The debate between Kumārilas and Prābhākaras; *Tripuṭīsamvit*; *Jňātatā; Anvitābhidhānavāda, Abhihitānvayavāda; Abhāva; Anupalabdhi and Arthāpatti.*
- 11. **Advaita Vedānta**: Sankara's view of Brahman; *Saguṇa* and *Nirguṇa* Brahman; *Adhyāsa; Vivartavāda; Māyā; Three grades of Sattā; Jīva; Jīvanmukti; Jagat; Pramānas.*
- 12. **Viśiṣṭādvaita**: Ramanuja'a view of Brahman, *Jīva* and *Jagat*; Refutation of Māyā; *Pariṇāmvād*; *Apṛthaksiddhi;Bbhakti* and *Prapatti*; Rejection of J*īvanmukti*.

Suggested Readings:

1. M. Hiriyanna : Outlines of Indian Philosophy

C.D.Sharma
 A Critical Survey of Indian Philosophy
 S.N. Dasgupta
 A History of Indian Philosophy, Vol. I to V

4. S. Radhakrishnan
5. T.R.V. Murti
6. Indian Philosophy, Vol. I & II
7. Central Philosophy of Buddhism
8. Central Philosophy of Buddhism
8. Central Philosophy of Buddhism

6. J. N. Mohanti : Reason and Tradition in Indian Thought

7. R. D. Ranade : A Constructive Survey of Upanisadic Philosophy

8. P.T. Raju : Structural Depths of Indian Thought

9. K.C. Bhattacharyya
10. Dutta & Chatterjee
11. Studies in Philosophy, vol. I
12. Introduction to Indian Philosophy

11. A.K. Warder : Indian Buddhism

12. R. Puligandla : Fundamentals of Indian Philosophy

13. T.M.P. Mahadevan : An Outline of Hinduism 14. D.M.Dutta : Six Ways of Knowing

15. S.K.Maitra : Fundamental Questions of Indian Metaphysic &

Logic

16. Debabrata Sen : Bhāratīya Darśana

17. Karuna Bhattachariyya : Nyāya-Vaiśeşika Darśana
 18. Kanak Prabha Banerjee : Sāmkhya Pataňjala Darśana

Nirod Baran Chakraborty : Bhāratīya Darśana
 Panchanan Sastri : Cārvāka Darśana
 Bhupendra Nath Bhattachariya : Bauddha Darśana
 Bhupendra Nath Bhattachariya : Sāmkhya Darśana

23. Narayan Goswami : Sāmkhya Tattva Kaumadi with Adhyāpana Tīkā

24. Phanibhusan Tarkabagisa : Nyāya Parichaya
25. Panchanan Ghatak : Sāṁkhya Darśana
26. Pradyot Mondal : Bhāratīya Darśana
27. Dinesh Chandra Shastri : Ṣaḍ Darśana Yoga

PAPER- II

ETHICS AND PHILOSOPHY OF RELIGION

Full Marks- 100

Group- A

(Ethics: Indian and Western)

Full Marks- 50

Unit-I (Indian Ethics)

- 1. Indian concept of Puruṣārthas.
- 2. The ethics of Bhāgavad-Gītā: Niṣkāmakarma, Sthitaprajňa and Lokasamgraha
- 3. Cārvāka Ethics.
- 4. Jaina Ethics: Anuvrata, Mahāvrata.
- 5. Buddhist Ethics: Pancaśila, Eight fold paths.
- 6. Gandhian Ethics: Satya, Ahimsā.
- 7. Yoga as ethical foundation.

Unit-II (Western Ethics)

- 1. Definition, nature and scope of Ethics.
- 2. Moral and non- moral actions.
- 3. The nature and object of moral judgment.
- 4. Postulates of Morality.
- 5. Problem of freedom of will.
- 6. Statement of fact and statement of value.
- 7. Hedonism: Psychological Hedonism and Ethical Hedonism.
- 8. Altruism of J. Bentham and J. S. Mill.

- 9. Kantian Ethics.
- 10. Theories of punishment.

S.K. Maitra
 Saral Jhingran
 The Ethics of the Hindus
 Aspects of Hindu Ethics

Roderick Hindry : Comparative Ethics in Hindu and Buddhist Tradition
 Gopinath Bhattacharya : Essays in Analytic Philosophy (Select portions)

5. W. K. Frankena : *Ethics* (Ch. 2 & 3)

6. W. Lillie : An Introduction to Ethics

7. Mackenzie : Manual of Ethics
8. J.D. Mabbott : Introduction to Ethics
9. J. Hospers : Human Conduct
10. Rosalind Hursthorne : Virtue Ethics
11. P.K. Mahapatra : Studies on the Puruṣārthas

12. Rajendra Prasad : Ethics in the Gītā - An Analytical Study (pp.119-

145)

13. Surama Dasgupta : Development of Moral Philosophy in India

14. Madhusudan Saraswati : Bhāgavadgītā

15. Somnath Chakraborty : NītividyārTattvakathā
 16. Somnath Chakraborty : Kathai O Karme Nītividyā

17. Dikshit Gupta : *Nītiśāstra*

18. Samarendra Bhattacharya: *Nītividyā*

19. Bipadbhanjan Paul : Vedāntasāra
 20. Mrinal Kanti Bhadra : Nītividyā
 21. Sibapada Chakraborty : Nītividyā

Group - B

(Philosophy of Religion)

Full Marks - 50

Unit – I (Indian Philosophy of Religion)

- 1. Nature and Scope of Philosophy of Religion.
- 2. Doctrines of *Karma*, Rebirth and Liberation.
- 3. Concept of God and Proofs for the Existence of God.
- 4. Ground for disbelief in God.
- 5. Concept of *Upāsanā*, *Prārthanā* and *Bhakti*.

Unit – II (Western Philosophy of Religion)

The origin of Religion in the light of Anthropology: the Psychical Origin and development of Religion.

- 1. Religious Consciousness.
- 2. Proofs for the existence of God: Ontological, Cosmological, Teleological and Moral arguments.
- 3. Grounds for disbelief in God: Sociological Theory and Freudian Theory.
- 4. An overview of different Religions: Hinduism, Buddhism, Christianity and Islam.
- 5. The Problem of Evils.
- 6. Religious knowledge: Reason, Revelation and Mysticism.
- 7. The Problem of Religious Language.

P.V. Kane
 History of Dharmaśāstra
 R.S. Misra
 Hinduism and Secularism
 K.N. Tiwari
 Comparative Religion
 D. Mial Edward
 The Philosophy of Religion
 John Hick
 Philosophy of Religion

7. Pringle Pattison : The Idea of God

8. J. Caird : An Introduction to Philosophy of Religion

9. S. Radhakrishnan : Indian Religions

10. A. Sharma : Indian Philosophy of Religion

K. C. Gupta & A Bandyopadhyaya: Dharmadarśana
 Rabindranath Das : Dharmadarśana
 Sushil Kr. Chakraborty : Dharmadarśana
 Srinidhan Tarkatirtha : Nyāyakusumāňjali
 Amita Chatterjee : Bhāratīya Dharmanīti

16. B.B.Purakayastha : Bhāratīya Darśane Nīriśvaravāda(pp.39-50, 56-66)

17. Chandan Das : Bhāratiya Darśaner Drstite Muktir Svarūp

18. Mani Kuntala Hader : Bauddhadharmer Itihās
 19. Sukomal Chowdhury : Bauddhadharma O Darśana

20. Islam Gani : Islāmer Chintā O Chetanār Kramabikāsh(Daśam

Khanda)

21. Bharater Bible Society : Pabitra Bible (Purātan O Natun Niyam)

22. Mahanambrata Brahmachari: Mānav Dharma

23. Rajasree Basu and Basabi Chakraborty (Ed): Mānavīvidyā

B.A.PART –II (HONOURS)

PAPER-III

HISTORY OF WESTERN PHILOSOPHY

Full Marks- 100

- 1. **Plato**: Theory of knowledge & Theory of Forms.
- 2. **Aristotle:** Critique of Plato's theory of Forms; theory of causation; form and matter; potentiality and actuality.
- 3. **Descartes**: Cartesian method of doubt, *cogito ergo sum*; types of ideas; Criterion of truth; mind and matter; mind body Interactionism; God: nature and proofs for His existence and External world.
- 4. **Spinoza**: Substance, attributes and modes, the concept of God or Nature; pantheism; mind-body problem; three orders of knowing.
- 5. **Leibniz**: Monadology; truths of reason and truths of fact; innateness of all ideas; some metaphysical principles; Law of Identity of indiscernibles; Law of sufficient reason; Law of continuity; Doctrine of Preestablished harmony; God; nature and proofs for His existence.
- 6. **Locke**: Refutation of innate ideas; ideas and their classification; knowledge and its grades; substance; qualities- primary and secondary.
- 7. **Berkeley**: Rejection of abstract ideas; rejection of the distinction between primary and secondary qualities; immaterialism; *esse est percipi*; the problem of solipsism; role of God.
- 8. **Hume**: Impressions and ideas; judgments concerning relation of ideas and judgments concerning matters of fact; causality; external world; self and personal identity; rejection of metaphysics; skepticism.
- 9. **Kant**: Conception of critical Philosophy; classification of judgments: analytic, synthetic, *apriori*, *aposteriori*; possibility of synthetic *apriori* judgment; general problem of the Critique; Transcendental aesthetic: Space and Time- Metaphysical and Transcendental expositions of the concept of Space and Time.

Suggested Readings:

F. Copleston : A History of Philosophy (Vols. I, I, V & VI)
 D. J. O Connor : A Critical History of Western Philosophy

3. C.R. Morris : Locke, Berkeley and Hume

4. A. K. Rogers : A Students' History of Philosophy
5. W.K. Wright : A History of Modern Philosophy

6. S. Körner : Kant

7. W.T. Stace : A Critical History of Greek Philosophy

8. Roger Scruton : A History of Philosophy from Descartes to Wittgenstein

9. Jonathan Bennett : Locke, Berkeley and Hume

10. John Cottingham : The Rationalists

11. Rasvihary Das : A Hand Book of Kant's Critique of Pure Reason

12. Falckenberg : A History of Modern Philosophy

13. Thill & Wood : History of Philosophy
14. J. Barner : Early Greek Philosophy

15. J. Burnet : Greek Philosophy, Thales to Plato

16. S.S. Barlingay and P.B. Kulkarni: A Critical Survey of Western Philosophy
17. W.C.K. Guthrie : Greek Philosophers from Thales to Plato
18. A.C. Ewing : The Fundamental Questions of Philosophy
19. A. Kenny : A Brief History of Western Philosophy

20. W.H.Walsh : Reason and Experience

21. B. Russell : History of Western Philosophy

22. N.B. Chakraborty : *Pāścātya Darśaner Itihās* (Plato, Aristotle)

23. Chandradayo Bhattacharya
 24. R.P.Das & S.P. Chakraboty
 25. Nirod Baran Chakraborty
 26. Kalyan Chandra Gupta
 27. Pāścātya Darśaner Rūprekhā
 28. Locke, Berkeley, Hume
 29. Pāścātya Darśaner Itihās

27. Rasvihary Das : Kānter Darśan

28. Mrinal Kanti Bhadra : Kānter Śuddha Prajňār Vicār
29. Prahlad Kumar Sarkar(ed.) : Kānter Darśan- Tattva O Prayog

30. Tarak Ch. Roy : Pāścātya Darśaner Itihās
 31. Sushanta Chakraborty : Pāścātya Darśaner Itihās

32. Samarendra Bhattacharya : Pāścātya Darśaner Itihās (Vol. 1 & 2)

33. Debabrata Sen : Pāścātya Darśaner Itihās

34. Rama Prasad Das : Hume-er Enquiry: Ekti Upasthāpanā

PAPER-IV

WESTERN LOGIC

Full Marks- 100

Unit- I

- 1. What is Logic?
- 2. Argument: Constituents of Argument, Deductive and Inductive Argument.
- 3. Truth and Validity.
- 4. Categorical Proposition and Classes: Quality, Quantity and Distribution of terms, Translating Categorical Propositions into Standard Form.
- 5. Immediate Inference: Conversion, Obversion and Contraposition, Traditional Square of Opposition of Propositions, Determination of the Truth-value of a Proposition from the Truth-value of a given Proposition.
- 6. Existential Import of Propositions, Symbolism and Diagram for Categorical Propositions.
- 7. Categorical Syllogism: Standard Form of Categorical Syllogism, Formal Nature of Syllogistic Argument, Boolean Interpretation of Categorical Propositions, Review of the Traditional Laws of Logic concerning Immediate Inference and Syllogism. Categorical Syllogism. General Rules and Fallacies, Testing Syllogistic Argument for validity by applying General Rules of Syllogism, Solving Problems and Proving Theorems concerning Syllogism.
- 8. Use of Venn Diagrams to test Syllogism for Validity
- 9. Hypothetical and Disjunctive Syllogism, Enthymeme and the Dilemma.

Unit-II

- 10. Symbolic Logic: The Value of Special Symbols; Truth-functions: Negation, Conjunction, Disjunction, Conditional Statements and Material Implication, The Paradoxes of Material Implication, Argument Forms and Arguments, Statement Forms and Statement, Material Equivalence and Logical Equivalence.
- 11. Tautologous, Contradictory and Contingent Statement Forms, the Three Laws of Thought.

- 12. Truth-table as a Decision Procedure: Testing Argument Form and Argument, Statement Form and Statement for Validity by the Truth-table Method;
- 13. Truth-tree Method as a Decision Procedure for Testing Validity of Arguments, Testing Statements for Tautology, Testing Logical Equivalence of Statements by the Truth-tree Method.
- 14. The Method of Deduction: Formal Proof of Validity: Difference between Rules of Inference and Rules of Replacement; Construction of Formal Proof of Validity by using Nineteen Rules; Proof of Invalidity by Assignment of Truth-Values.
- 15. Quantification Theory: Need for Quantification Theory, Singular Propositions; Scope of Quantifiers: Free and Bound Variables; Translating Traditional Subject Predicate Proposition into the Logical Notation of Propositional Function and Quantifiers; Quantification Rules, Formal Proof of Validity of Arguments involving Quantifiers, Proving Invalidity of Arguments involving Quantifiers, Asyllogistic Inference.
- 16. Induction: What is Induction? Induction by Simple Enumeration.
- 17. Argument by Analogy, Appraising Analogical Arguments.
- 18. Causal Connections: Cause and Effect. Meaning of 'cause'. The singularity of causes.
- 19. Mills Method: Method of Agreement, Method of Difference, Joint Method of Agreement and Difference, Method of Residue, Method of Concomitant Variations. Criticism of Mill's Methods, Vindication of Mill's Methods.
- 20. Science and Hypothesis: Explanation: Scientific and Unscientific; Evaluating Scientific Explanations. The Pattern of Scientific Investigation, Crucial Experiment and Ad hoc Hypothesis.
- 21. Probability: Alternative Conceptions of Probability; The Probability Calculus; Joint Occurrence; Alternative Occurrence; Calculating the Probability of Events.

1. I.M. Copi & C. Cohen : *Introduction to Logic*, (13th edn.)

2. I.M. Copi
3. F. Barker
3. Symbolic Logic, (vol. 5)
4. Elements of Logic, Stephen

4. Basson & O' Connor : An Introduction to Symbolic Logic

5. Chhanda Chakraborty : Logic: Informal, Symbolic and Inductive

6. Cohen and Nagel : An Introduction to Logic and Scientific Method

7. Kyburg H.E. (Jr.) : *Probability and Inductive Logic* (Chap.

1,2,6,10,12,13)

8. Richard Jeffrey : Formal Logic : Its Scope and Limits
9. Rama Prasad Das : Navya Yuktivijňān (Part-I to IV)

10. Indra Kumar Roy : *Pratīki Yuktivijňān*

B.A.PART –III (HONOURS)

<u>PAPER- V</u> INDIAN EPISTEMOLOGY AND LOGIC

Full Marks-100

Text: Tarkasamgraha with Dīpikā (Buddhi Khanda): Annambhatta

Suggested Readings:

Gopinath Bhattacharya
 Tarkasamgraha with Dīpikā
 Chandroday Bhattacharya
 Tarkasamgraha with Dīpikā
 Kuppuswami Sastri
 Primer of Indian Logic
 Paňcānana Śāstrī
 Tarkasamgraha with Dīpikā
 Narayan Goswami
 Tarkasamgraha with Dīpikā

6. Indira Mukhopadhyaya : Tarkasamgraha with Dīpikā
 7. Kanailal Poddar : Tarkasamgraha with Dīpikā

<u>PAPER- VI</u> ANALYTIC PHILOSOPHY

Full Marks-100

Text: An Introduction to Philosophical Analysis: John Hospers (Ch. 1 to 6 and 8, 3rd Edition)

Suggested Readings:

1. Passmore : A Hundred Years of Philosophy

2. Ammerman : Introduction to Analytic Philosophy (Introduction only)

3. William P. Alston
 4. A. J. Ayer
 5. Barry R. Gross
 6. Ramaprasad Das
 Philosophy of Language
 Problem of Knowledge
 Analytic Philosophy
 Bāgārthatattva:

7. Samarendranath Bhattacharya: Dārśanik Biśleşaṇer Rūprekhā:
8. Samari Kanta Samanta : Dārśanik Biśleşaṇer Bhūmikā
9. Rabindranath Das : Pāścātya Darśaner Bhūmikā
10. J.N.Sinha : Pāścātya Darśaner Bhūmikā
11. Somnath Chakraborty : Darśan Jijňāsā (vol. 1 and 2)

PAPER- VII

PSYCHOLOGY AND SOCIO-POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY

Full Marks- 100

Group -A (Psychology)

Full Marks-50

- 1. Definition and Scope of Psychology; Methods of Psychology-Introspection, Observation and Experimental.
- 2. Sensation and Perception: Definition, nature, classification and attributes of sensation; nature of perception and its relation with sensation; Gestalt theory of perception; illusion and hallucination.
- 3. Memory: Definition and factors of memory; Information-Processing Theory; Forgetting and its causes; Laws of association.
- 4. Learning: Theories of learning; Gestalt or Insight theory of learning; Classical conditioning theory (Pavlov's theory); Operant conditioning theory (Skinner's Theory); Thorndike's theory of learning.
- 5. Intelligence: Nature of intelligence; measurement of intelligence; Binet Simon test.
- 6. Consciousness: Levels of consciousness- conscious, sub-conscious and unconscious; proofs for the existence of unconscious.
- 7. Dream: Freud's theory of dreams.
- 8. Emotion: Nature of emotion; James Lange theory of emotion.
- 9. Personality: What is Personality? Factors of Personality- Heredity and Environment. Types and traits of Personality.

Group- B (Socio-Political Philosophy)

Full Marks-50

- 1. Basic concepts: Society, Social group, Association, Institution, Community, Caste and Class.
- 2. Individual and State.
- 3. Theories regarding the relation between individual and society- Individualistic theory, Organic theory and Idealistic theory.
- 4. Family: Nature, different forms of family, role of family in the society; marriage, dowry and divorce-vision and challenges of Feministic approaches.
- 5. Concept of Human Rights, discrimination on the basis of sex, race, caste and religion.
- 6. The concept of Welfare State.
- 7. Ideas of freedom, equality, justice and liberty.
- 8. Political Ideals: Democracy and its different forms, Socialism- Utopian and Scientific, *Sarvodaya* and Humanism.
- 9. Secularism- its nature and Secularism in India.

Suggested Readings:

1. G. T. Morgan, R.A. King Jr. : Introduction to Psychology

2. Rex Knight & M. Knight
3. G. F. Stout
3. A Modern Introduction to Psychology
4. A Manual of Psychology

4. Woodworth & Marquis : Psychology

5. B. F. Skinner : Science and Human Behaviour

6. G. D. Boaz : General Psychology7. W. James : Psychology

8. G. Murphy : General Psychology
9. E. B. Titchener : A Text Book of Psychology
10. W. James : Principles of Psychology
11. Pareshnath Bhattacharya : Manovidyā

12. Priti Bhushan Chatterjee : *Manovidyā* 13. Ira Sengupta : *Manovidyā*

14. Madhabendranath Mitra & Puspa Misra: Manosamikṣā

15. Nihar Ranjan Sarkar : Manovijňān o Jīvan

16. R.M.MacIver and C.H. Page : Society: An Introductory Analysis
 17. P. Gisbert : Fundamentals of Sociology

18. S.N. Shankar Rao : Sociology19. D.C. Bhattacharya : Sociology

20. C.E.M. Joad : Guide to Modern Thought
21. Karl Marx and Frederick Engels : Communist Manifesto
22. S. Radhakrishnan : Religion and Society

23. Krishna Roy & Chhanda Gupta(eds): Essays in Social and Political Philosophy

24. D.D. Raphel : Problems of Political Philosophy
 25. A. K. Mukhopadhyay : Western Political Thought
 26. C.E.M. Joad : Introduction to Modern Political Theory

27. U.N. Ghosal : Hindu Political Theories

28. K.S. Bharathi : The Political Philosophy of Sarvodaya

29. Parimal Bhushan Kar : Samāj Tattva

30. Priti Bhusan Chattopadhyay : Samāj Darśan Dīpikā

31. T. Baltomore : Samājtattva32. Anadi K. Mahapatra : Bisay Samājtattva

33. Dilip Kumar Chattopadhyay : Adhunik Rāsṭra Matabāder Bhūmikā

34. Amal K. Mukhopadhyay : Rāṭradarśaner Dhārā

35. Gurudas Bandyopadhyay : Sarvodaya Āndoloner Itihās
 36. Samarendra Bhattacharya : Samājdarśan O Rāsṭradarśan

PAPER- VIII

Optional Paper

Full Marks- 100

Any **one** of the following texts:

A. KAŢHOPANIŞAD (with Śaṅkara Bhāṣya): Durgācharan Sāṅkhya Tīrtha(ed)

Suggested Readings:

1. Brahmacari Medhacaitanya: Kathopaniṣad

2. Haraf Prakashani : *Upaniṣad Samagra*3. Gīta Press : *Upaniṣad Samagra*

B. THE PROBLEMS OF PHILOSOPHY: BERTRAND RUSSELL

Suggested Readings:

1. A.J. Ayer : Russell

2. A.J. Ayer : Russell and Moore- An Analytical Heritage

3. Schlipp (Ed) : Philosophy of B. Russell

4. Mark Sanisbury: Russell

5. Sushil K Chakraborty : *Darśana Samasyā*6. Debika Saha : *Darśaner Samasyā*

B.A. PART-I GENERAL

<u>PAPER-I</u> INDIAN PHILOSOPHY I

Full Marks-50

- 1. Introduction:
 - (i) Nature of Indian Philosophy
 - (ii) Division of Indian Philosophy: Āstika and Nāstika Systems
 - (iii) Nāstika Systems: Cārvāka, Bauddha, Jaina

 \bar{A} stika Systems: Nyāya, Vaiśeṣika, Sāmkhya, Yoga, Pūrva Mimāmsā, Uttar Mimāmsā or Vedānta

- 2. The Cārvāka System:
 - (i) Positive teachings; Admission of four *bhūtas* Origin of consciousness.
 - Ātmā as embodied consciousness (Caitanyaviśiṣṭa deha evātmā)
 - Admission of artha and kāma as Puruṣārthas, Perception as only pramāṇa; Kārya-Kāraṇavāda
 - (ii) Non-admission of *vyoma* (ākāśa)- Rejection of *Dehātirikta Ātmā*; Rejection of *Dharma* and *Mokṣa* as *Purusārthas*; Rejection of Inference and Testimony as sources of knowledge; Rejection of *Vedaprāmāṇya*; Rejection of *Paraloka*
- 3. The Bauddha System:
 - (i) Nairātmavāda
 - (ii) Ksanikavāda
 - (iii) Four Nobel Truths
- 4. The Jaina System:
 - (i) Syādavāda and its relation to Anekāntavāda
 - (ii) Jaina categories.

Suggested Readings:

Dutta and Chatterjee : An Introduction to Indian Philosophy.
 C.D.Sharma : A Critical Survey of Indian Philosophy

3. M. Hiriyanna : Outlines of Indian Philosophy

Niradbaran Chakraborty : Bhāratīya Darśana
 Samarendra Bhattacharya : Bhāratīya Darśana
 Pradyut Mondal : Bhāratīya Darśana
 Debabrata Sen : Bhāratīya Darśana
 Paňcānana Śāstrī : Cārvāka Darśana

9. Haridas Bandyopadhyaya : Bhāratīya Darśaner Marmakathā

PAPER-II

WESTERN EPISTEMOLOGY AND METAPHYSICS

Full Marks-50

- 1. Different senses of 'Know', Conditions of Propositional Knowledge, Origin of concepts: Concept Rationalism- Views of Descartes and Leibniz, Concept Empiricism- Views of Locke, Berkeley and Hume.
- 2. Theories of the origin of knowledge: Rationalism, Empiricism and Kant's Critical Theory.
- 3. Realism and Idealism as Theories of Reality:
 - (i) Realism: Naïve Realism, Representative Realism.
 - (ii) Idealism: Subjective Idealism
- 4. Causality: Entailment theory; Regularity theory,
- 5. Mind-body Problem: Interactionism, Parallelism and the Identity theory.

1. John Hospers : An Introduction to Philosophical Analysis

Satyajyoti Chakraborty : General Philosophy
 Nirodbaran Chakraborty : Pāścātya Darśaner Bhūmikā

4. Ramaprasad Das : *Jňānatattva*

5. Ramaprasad Das & Shibapada Chakraborty: Pāścātya Darśaner Rūprekhā

6. Pramod Bandhu Sengupta : Pāścātya Darśan

7. Jagadiswar Sanyal : Pāścātya Darśan

8. Samarendra Bhattacharya : Pāścātya Darśan

9. Samari Kanta Samanta : Dārśanik Viśleşaner Bhūmikā

PAPER-III

PSYCHOLOGY

Full Marks-50

- 1. Definition, nature and Scope of Psychology; Methods of Psychology-Introspection, Observation and Experimental.
- 2. Sensation and Perception: Definition, nature, classification and attributes of sensation; nature of perception and its relation with sensation; Gestalt theory of perception; illusion and hallucination.
- 3. Memory: Definition and factors of memory; Forgetting and its causes; Laws of association.
- 4. Learning: Theories of learning: Trial and error Method; Gestalt or Insight theory of learning; Classical conditioning theory; Operant conditioning theory.
- 5. Attention: Its nature and types; Conditions of attention.
- 6. Intelligence: Nature of intelligence; measurement of intelligence; Binet Simon test of intelligence.
- 7. Consciousness: Conscious, Sub-conscious and Unconscious- Its evidence.
- 8. Dream: Freud's theory of dreams.
- 9. Emotion: Nature of emotion; James Lange theory of emotion.

Suggested Readings:

1. G.D. Boaz : General Psychology

Woodworth : Contemporary School of Psychology
 R. Knight & M. Knight : A Modern Introduction to Psychology

4. G. T. Morgan : Introduction to Psychology

5. P.N. Bhattacharya : Text Book of Psychology, Vols. 1 & 2

6. P.N. Bhattacharya : Manovidyā

7. Deviprasad Chottopadhyay: Manovijnān

8. J. Sanyal : Manovidyā 9. P.B. Sengupta : Manovidyā 10. Samarendra Bhattacharya: Manovidyā

11. Pritibhusan Chattopadhyay: Manovidyā, Samāj O Rāstradarśan

Manovidyā, Samāj O Darśan O Rāṣṭradarśan 12. Sengupta, Basu and Ghosh:

B.A. PART-II GENERAL

PAPER- IV INDIAN PHILOSOPHY II

Full Marks- 50

- 1. The Nyāya System:
 - Perception (Pratyakşa): The Nature of Perception; Ordinary (Laukika) and Extraordinary (i) (Alaukika) Perception; Determinate (Savikalpaka) & Indeterminate (Nirvikalpaka) Perception.
 - Anumāna: Sādhya, Pakṣa, Hetu, Vyāpti, Vyāptigraha, Svārthānumiti and Parārthānumiti, (ii) Paňcāvayava Nyāya.
- 2. The Vaiśeşika System:

Seven Categories (Padārthas): Dravya, Guṇa, Karma, Sāmānya, Viśeṣa Samavāya, and Abhāva

3. The Sāmkhya System:

Causation: Purusa; Prakrti and its gunas; Evolution.

Suggested Readings:

1. Dutta and Chatterjee An Introduction to Indian Philosophy.

2. M. Hiriyanna Outlines of Indian Philosophy. :

3. C.D.Sharma A Critical Survey of Indian Philosophy

4. Nirod Baran Chakraborty Bhāratīya Darśana 5. Karuna Bhattacharya Nyāya Vaiśeṣika Darśana

6. Samarendra Bhattacharya Bhāratīya Darśana

7. Kanak Prabha Banerjee Sāṁkhya Pataňjala Darśana

8. Purnachandra Vedāntacaňcu : Sāmkhya Kārikā

PAPER- V WESTERN LOGIC

Full Marks-50

- 1. Proposition, Categorical Propositions and Classes: Quality, Quantity and Distribution of Terms.
- 2. Traditional Square of Opposition of Propositions.
- 3. Immediate Inference: Conversion, Obversion and Contraposition.
- 4. Existential Import of Propositions, Boolean Interpretation of Categorical Proposition, Translating Categorical Propositions into Standard form.
- 5. Categorical Syllogism: Figure, Mood, Rules of Validity, Testing Syllogism for Validity, Testing Arguments by Venn Diagram, Fallacies. Disjunctive and Hypothetical Syllogism, The Dilemma.

- 6. Symbolic Logic: The Value of Special Symbols, Truth-functions: Conjunction, Negation, Disjunction, Implication, Equivalence, Tautology, Contradiction and Contingent Statement Forms; Truth-Table Method for testing Validity of Arguments and Statement Forms.
- 7. Inductive Logic: Argument by Analogy, Criteria for Evaluating Analogical Arguments; Mill's Methods of Experimental Enquiry.

1. I.M.Copi : Introduction to Logic

2. Ramaprasad Das : Pāścātya Darśan O Yuktivijňān

3. Jagadiswar Sanyal : *Juktivijňān*

4. Samarendra Bhattacharya : Pāścātya Yukti Vijňān

PAPER- VI

SOCIO-POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY

Full Marks- 50

- 1. Nature and Scope of Social Philosophy and Political Philosophy.
- 2. Basic Concepts: Society, Community, Association and Institution.
- 3. Social Group and its Different Forms.
- 4. Social Codes: Religious and Moral Codes, Custom and Law, Culture and Civilization.
- 5. Social Class and Caste, Principles and Attitudes of Class-Consciousness.
- 6. Ideas of Equality, Liberty and Justice.
- 7. Political Ideals: Sarvodaya; Democracy, Socialism and their Different Forms.
- 8. Concept of Human Right, Discrimination on the basis of sex, race, caste and religion.

Suggested Readings:

R.M. MacIver and C.H. Page : Society: An Introductory Analysis
 Samarendra Bhattacharya : Samāj Darśan O Rāstra Darśan

3. Parimal Bhusan Kar : Samāj Tattva

4. Sudarsan Roychowdhury : Rāstra

5. Dilip Kr. Chattopadhyay : Ādhunik Rāstra Matabāder Bhūmikā
 6. Pritibhusan Chattopadhyay : Monovidyā, Samāj O Rāstradarśan

7. Sengupta, Basu and Ghosh : Monovidyā, Samāj O Darśan O Rāstradarśan

B.A. PART-III GENERAL

PAPER - VII

ETHICS: THEORY AND APPLICATION

Full Marks-100

- 1. Nature and Scope of Ethics.
- 2. Moral and non- moral actions.
- 3. Postulates of Morality.
- 4. Hedonism: Psychological Hedonism and Ethical Hedonism
- 5. Utilitarianism: J. Bentham and J. S. Mill.
- 6. Kant's Conception of Good Will, Duty and Categorical Imperative.
- 7. Problem of freedom of will.
- 8. Theories of Punishment: Deterrent Theory, Preventive Theory and Reformative Theory.
- 9. Niskāmakarma of the Bhāgavadgīta.
- 10. M.K.Gandhi's conception of Ahimsā and Satyāgraha
- 11. Nature and scope of Applied Ethics.
- 12. Value of Life: Euthanasia and Suicide.
- 13. Environmental Ethics: The Environment and the Human Community, Reverence for Life, Deep Ecology.

Suggested Readings:

1. W. Lillie : Introduction to Ethics.

2. W. K. Frankena: Ethics.

J.J.C. Smart and Bernard Williams: Utilitarianism: For and Against.
 Bernard Williams: Morality: An Introduction to Ethics.
 James Rachals (ed.): Moral Problems (Part-I, III and VI)
 J. Rackels: The End of Life: Euthanasia and Morality.
 Raghavan Aiyer: Moral and Political Thought of Mahatma Gandhi.

8. Peter Singer (ed.): A Companion to Ethics.
9. Peter Singer : Practical Ethics.
10. R. A. Duff : Trials and Punishments.

11. Samarendra Bhattacharya : Nītividyā.

Dikshit Gupta : Nītividyā O Tār Prayog
 Somnath Chakraborty: Kathāy O Karme Nītividyā.
 Pradip Kr. Roy : Vyāvahārik Nītividyā
 Santosh Kr. Paul : Phalita Nītišāstra (Vol. I)

16. Santosh Kr. Paul: Samakālin Paribeś Nītiśāstrer Rūprekhā

GENERAL INSTRUCTION ON MARKS DISTRIBUTION AND QUESTION PATTERN:

• Candidates are required to answer (A) MCQ-type & (B) Descriptive-type questions as follows:

For Honours Paper without Group (100 marks):

- A. MCQ-type: 20 Multiple Choice Questions carrying 1 mark each : 20x1=20 marks
- B. **Descriptive-type**: (i) 4 Short-answer type questions carrying 5 marks each : 5x4 = 20 ,
 - (ii) 4 Broad-answer type questions carrying 15 marks each : 15x4= 60 , .

Total = 100 marks

For Honours Paper with Group- A & Group- B carrying 50 marks each (100 marks):

- A. MCQ-type: 20 MCQs carrying 1 mark each from both Groups-A & B:1x(10+10)=20,
- B. Descriptive-type:
 - (i) 2 Short-answer type questions carrying 5 marks each from each Group:5x(2+2)=20 ,
- (ii) 2 Broad-answer type questions carrying 15 marks each from each Group: 15x(2+2) = 60 ...

Total= 100 marks

NB: Questions are to be set from each unit of each Group or Paper.

For General Paper:

- Part-I Examination(150 marks):
- **A.** MCQ –type questions = 50 marks(Questions will be set covering the entire syllabus of Paper-I, II &III)
- **B.** Descriptive-type <u>questions =100 marks</u> (Questions will be set from Paper-I, II & III)

Total =150 marks

- o Candidates are required to answer as follows:
 - **A. Fifty** MCQs carrying **1** mark **each** =50 marks
 - **B.** (i) One broad-answer type question carrying 15 marks from each of the three

Papers .i.e. Paper-I, II & III: 15x3=45 marks

(ii) Eleven short-answer type questions carrying **5** marks **each**, not exceeding **four** from **each paper**: 5x11=55 marks

- Part-II Examination (150 marks): Same as Part-I Examination.
- Part- III Examination (100 marks):
- Candidates are required to answer:
 - A. Thirty MCQs carrying 1 mark each

 $1 \times 30 = 30 \text{ marks}$

- B. (i) Three broad-answer type questions carrying 15 marks each: 15x3=45
 - (ii) Five short-answer type questions carrying 5 marks each : 5x5=25

Total = 100 marks